PLEASE NOTE: In most \underline{BUT} NOT \underline{ALL} instances, the page and line numbering of bills on this web site correspond to the page and line numbering of the official printed version of the bills.

Senate Engrossed

State of Arizona Senate Forty-seventh Legislature First Regular Session 2005

SENATE BILL 1081

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 43-223, 43-1088, 43-1089 AND 43-1089.01, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX CREDITS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

- j -

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 43-223, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

43-223. Requirements for new income tax credits established by the legislature

Any new individual or corporate income tax credit that is enacted by the legislature shall include in its enabling legislation:

- 1. A specific review year for the joint legislative income tax credit review committee to review the credit. The specific review year shall be the fifth full calendar year following the date the credit is enacted.
- 2. A purpose clause that explains the rationale and objective of the tax credit.
- 3. A MAXIMUM AMOUNT FOR THE CREDIT ALLOWED MARRIED COUPLES THAT IS TWICE THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT ALLOWED FOR SINGLE INDIVIDUALS OR HEADS OF HOUSEHOLD. THIS PARAGRAPH APPLIES TO LEGISLATION ENACTED FROM AND AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2005.
 - Sec. 2. Section 43-1088, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 43-1088. Credit for contribution to charitable organization that provides assistance to the working poor: definitions
- A. For taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 1997, a credit is allowed against the taxes imposed by this title for voluntary cash contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to a qualifying charitable organization as determined pursuant to subsection E of this section, but not exceeding:
- 1. Two hundred dollars in any taxable year FOR A SINGLE INDIVIDUAL OR A HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD.
- 2. The two hundred dollar limitation applies to taxpayers who elect to file a joint return for the taxable year. TWO HUNDRED FORTY DOLLARS IN TAXABLE YEAR 2005 FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN.
- 3. TWO HUNDRED EIGHTY DOLLARS IN TAXABLE YEAR 2006 FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN.
- 4. THREE HUNDRED TWENTY DOLLARS IN TAXABLE YEAR 2007 FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN.
- 5. THREE HUNDRED SIXTY DOLLARS IN TAXABLE YEAR 2008 FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN.
- 6. FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS IN TAXABLE YEAR 2009 AND ANY SUBSEQUENT YEAR FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN.
- B. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the tax credit that would have been allowed for a joint return.
- B. C. If the allowable tax credit exceeds the taxes otherwise due under this title on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due under this title, the taxpayer may carry forward the amount of the claim not used to offset the taxes under this title for not more than five consecutive taxable years' income tax liability.

- 1 -

- 6. D. The credit allowed by this section is in lieu of a deduction pursuant to section 170 of the internal revenue code and taken for state tax purposes.
- $rac{ extsf{D.}}{ extsf{E.}}$ E. Taxpayers taking a credit authorized by this section shall provide the name of the qualifying charitable organization and the amount of the contribution to the department of revenue on forms provided by the department.
- E. F. The credit under this section applies only to contributions to qualifying charitable organizations that exceed the total amount deducted pursuant to section 170 of the internal revenue code in the taxpayer's baseline year. The taxpayer's baseline year is:
- 1. The 1996 taxable year if the taxpayer deducted charitable contributions pursuant to section 170 of the internal revenue code in the 1996 taxable year.
- 2. If the taxpayer did not deduct charitable contributions pursuant to section 170 of the internal revenue code in the 1996 taxable year, the taxpayer's baseline year is the first taxable year after 1996 that the taxpayer deducted charitable contributions pursuant to section 170 of the internal revenue code.
- F. G. A qualifying charitable organization shall provide the department of revenue with a written certification that it meets all criteria to be considered a qualifying charitable organization. The organization shall also notify the department of any changes that may affect the qualifications under this section. The department shall compile and make available to the public a list of the qualifying organizations.
 - G. H. For THE purposes of this section:
- 1. "Low income individuals RESIDENTS" means persons whose household income is less than one hundred fifty per cent of the federal poverty level.
- 2. "Qualifying charitable organization" means a charitable organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code or is a designated community action agency that receives community services block grant program monies pursuant to 42 United States Code section 9901. The organization must spend at least fifty per cent of its budget on services to residents of this state who receive temporary assistance for needy families benefits or low income residents of this state and their households. Taxpayers choosing to make donations through an umbrella charitable organization that collects donations on behalf of member charities shall designate that the donation be directed to a member charitable organization that would qualify under this section on a stand-alone basis.
- 3. "Services" means cash assistance, medical care, child care, food, clothing, shelter, job placement and job training services or any other assistance that is reasonably necessary to meet immediate basic needs and that is provided and used in this state.
 - Sec. 3. Section 43–1089, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

- 2 -

43-1089. <u>Credit for contributions to school tuition</u> <u>organization; definitions</u>

- A. A credit is allowed against the taxes imposed by this title for the amount of voluntary cash contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to a school tuition organization, but not exceeding:
- 1. Five hundred dollars in any taxable year for a single individual or a head of household.
- 2. Six hundred twenty five SEVEN HUNDRED dollars in any taxable year 2005 for a married couple filing a joint return.
- 3. SEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS IN TAXABLE YEAR 2006 FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN.
- 4. EIGHT HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS IN TAXABLE YEAR 2007 FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN.
- 5. NINE HUNDRED TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS IN TAXABLE YEAR 2008 FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN.
- 6. ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS IN TAXABLE YEAR 2009 AND ANY SUBSEQUENT YEAR FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN.
- B. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the tax credit that would have been allowed for a joint return.
- B. C. If the allowable tax credit exceeds the taxes otherwise due under this title on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due under this title, the taxpayer may carry the amount of the claim not used to offset the taxes under this title forward for not more than five consecutive taxable years' income tax liability.
- \mathbb{C} . D. The credit allowed by this section is in lieu of any deduction pursuant to section 170 of the internal revenue code and taken for state tax purposes.
- D. E. The tax credit is not allowed if the taxpayer designates the taxpayer's donation to the school tuition organization for the direct benefit of any dependent of the taxpayer.
- E. F. A school tuition organization that receives a voluntary cash contribution pursuant to subsection A shall report to the department, in a form prescribed by the department, by February 28 of each year the following information:
- 1. The name, address and contact name of the school tuition organization.
- 2. The total number of contributions received during the previous calendar year.
- 3. The total dollar amount of contributions received during the previous calendar year.
- 4. The total number of children awarded educational scholarships or tuition grants during the previous calendar year.
- 5. The total dollar amount of educational scholarships and tuition grants awarded during the previous calendar year.

- 3 -

- 6. For each school to which educational scholarships or tuition grants were awarded:
 - (a) The name and address of the school.
- (b) The number of educational scholarships and tuition grants awarded during the previous calendar year.
- (c) The total dollar amount of educational scholarships and tuition grants awarded during the previous calendar year.
 - F. G. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Handicapped student" means a student who has any of the following conditions:
 - (a) Hearing impairment.
 - (b) Visual impairment.
 - (c) Preschool moderate delay.
 - (d) Preschool severe delay.
 - (e) Preschool speech or language delay.
- 2. "Qualified school" means a nongovernmental primary school or secondary school or a preschool for handicapped students that is located in this state, that does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, handicap, familial status or national origin and that satisfies the requirements prescribed by law for private schools in this state on January 1, 1997.
- 3. "School tuition organization" means a charitable organization in this state that is exempt from federal taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that allocates at least ninety per cent of its annual revenue for educational scholarships or tuition grants to children to allow them to attend any qualified school of their parents' choice. In addition, to qualify as a school tuition organization the charitable organization shall provide educational scholarships or tuition grants to students without limiting availability to only students of one school.
- Sec. 4. Section 43-1089.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

43-1089.01. <u>Tax credit: public school fees and contributions:</u> definitions

- A. A credit is allowed against the taxes imposed by this title for the amount of any fees or cash contributions made by a taxpayer during the taxable year to a public school located in this state for the support of extracurricular activities or character education programs of the public school, but not exceeding:
 - 1. Two hundred dollars for a single individual or a head of household.
- 2. Two hundred $\frac{\text{fifty}}{\text{for a}}$ EIGHTY dollars FOR TAXABLE YEAR 2005 for a married couple filing a joint return.
- 3. THREE HUNDRED TEN DOLLARS IN TAXABLE YEAR 2006 FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN.
- 4. THREE HUNDRED FORTY DOLLARS IN TAXABLE YEAR 2007 FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN.
- 5. THREE HUNDRED SEVENTY DOLLARS IN TAXABLE YEAR 2008 FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN.

- 4 -

- 6. FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS IN TAXABLE YEAR 2009 AND ANY SUBSEQUENT YEAR FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN.
- B. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the tax credit that would have been allowed for a joint return.
- ${\tt B.}$ C. The credit allowed by this section is in lieu of any deduction pursuant to section 170 of the internal revenue code and taken for state tax purposes.
- C. D. If the allowable tax credit exceeds the taxes otherwise due under this title on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due under this title, the taxpayer may carry the amount of the claim not used to offset the taxes under this title forward for not more than five consecutive taxable years' income tax liability.
- D. E. The site council of the public school that receives contributions that are not designated for a specific purpose shall determine how the contributions are used at the school site. If a charter school does not have a site council, the principal, director or chief administrator of the charter school shall determine how the contributions that are not designated for a specific purpose are used at the school site.
- E. F. A public school that receives fees or a cash contribution pursuant to subsection A of this section shall report to the department, in a form prescribed by the department, by February 28 of each year the following information:
- 1. The total number of fee and cash contribution payments received during the previous calendar year.
- 2. The total dollar amount of fees and contributions received during the previous calendar year.
- 3. The total dollar amount of fees and contributions spent by the school during the previous calendar year, categorized by specific extracurricular activity or character education program.
- 4. The total number of children who participated in each extracurricular activity or character education program funded by the fees or contributions during the previous calendar year, categorized by specific extracurricular activity or character education program.
 - F. G. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Character education programs" means a program described in section 15-719.
- 2. "Extracurricular activities" means school sponsored activities that require enrolled students to pay a fee in order to participate including fees for:
 - (a) Band uniforms.
 - (b) Equipment or uniforms for varsity athletic activities.
 - (c) Scientific laboratory materials.
- (d) In-state or out-of-state trips that are solely for competitive events. Extracurricular activities does DO not include any senior trips or events that are recreational, amusement or tourist activities.

- 5 -